SEMFEX-II Scheme:

The Scheme was worked out by the Directorate General Resettlement in collaboration with the National Bank of Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) and became operative from 15 January 1988. It basically conforms to the existing schemes of NABARD applicable to all Indian nationals. The main objective of this Scheme is to create a channel whereby the loans for ex-servicemen, disabld soldiers and widows could be expeditiously sanctioned to undertake agriculture and allied actjvities or to set up village and tiny industries in rural areas. The loans are sanctioned by Scheduled Banks, Land Development Banks, or Regional Rural Banks, depending on the type of scheme. NABARD has agreed to re-finance the projects for ex-servicemen through ex-servjcemen Financial/Development Corporation in the States. The Bank also provides training facilities where necessary.

CGHS Hospitals in Uttar Pradesh

1320. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of the Central Government Health Scheme hospitals working in Uttar Pradesh at present;

(b) whether there is any proposal to set up more CGHS hospitals in Uttar Pradesh benefiting more Central Government employees; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) There is no Central Government Health Scheme Hospitals functioning in Uttar Pradesh.

(b) and (c) No such proposal is under consideration of the Government.

Projects in Uttar Pradesh

1321. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of on-going projects in Uttar Pradesh;

(b) what was the scheduled time fixed for their completion;

(c) the names and number of projects which have not yet been completed; and

(d) what were the reasons for their delay; by when these projects will be completel?

THE MINISTER OF PLANNING AND THE MINISTER OF PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATI[illegible] MADHAVSINH SOLANKI): (a) to (d) The details of Central projects each costing over Rs. 20 crores covered by the quarterly monitroing system of the Ministry under implementation in U.P. at the end of September 1988 with their original and anticipated dates of commissioning are given in the enclosed statement (*See* below). Eleven out of 24 projects have put back their dates of commissioning.

The main reasons for delays include—

—Delays in equipment supply/erection

—Land acquisition problems

—Delays in getting forest/environmental clearance

—Lack of advance action for development of infrastructure etc.

—Fund constraint.